



FOREIGN OFFICE.

Sept. 15, 1887.

This day had audience of His Majesty the King.

Major James Ray Wodehouse, Her Britannic Majesty's Commissioner and Consul-General; Commander Jasper E. T. Nicolls, of Her Britannic Majesty's ship "Cormorant"; Lieutenant C. E. Kingsmill; Chief Engineer Wm. J. Harding; Paymaster W. O. Bedford; Lieutenant K. R. Pease;

To which audience Major Wodehouse was introduced by His Excellency Hon. Godfrey Brown, His Majesty's Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Commander Nicolls by Major Wodehouse; Commander Nicolls presenting officers of H. B. M.'s S. "Cormorant."

His Majesty was attended on this occasion by His Excellency Hon. John O. Dominis, Governor of Oahu; His Excellency Hon. Godfrey Brown, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Col. the Hon. Curtis P. Jauke, His Majesty's Chamberlain; and Major John Dominis, Heir of the Governor's Staff.

CHAS. PHILLIPS, Esq., has this day been appointed an Agent to Take Acknowledgments to Labor Contracts for the District of Kona, Island of Oahu.

L. A. THURSTON,
Minister of Interior.

Messrs. E. KOEPE and J. GANDAL have this day been appointed Commissioners of Pensions for the District of Lihue and Koloa, Island of Kauai.

L. A. THURSTON,
Minister of Interior.

THE NEW LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF NOBLES.

ISLAND OF OAHU.

S. G. Wilder, Mark P. Robinson, James I. Dowsett, Sr., Alex. Young, A. Jaeger, W. R. Castle, W. O. Smith, Henry Waterhouse and W. E. Foster.

ISLAND OF HAWAII.

S. C. Luluhan, J. Wight, C. Notley, C. Wall, H. S. Townsend and D. H. Hitchcock.

ISLANDS OF MAUI, MOLOKAI AND LANAI.
H. P. Baldwin, E. H. Bailey, John Richardson, Jas. Campbell, H. A. Widemann and P. N. Mahee.

ISLANDS OF KAUAI AND NIIHAU.
Geo. N. Wilcox, C. Bertelmann and Geo. H. Dole.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

ISLAND OF OAHU.

Honolulu—Frank Hustace, J. I. Dowsett, Jr., A. P. Kalakoua and D. L. Naone.

Ewa and Waianae—A. Kauihi.
Waialua and Koolaula—Cecil Brown.

Koolanpoko—Frank Brown.

ISLAND OF HAWAII.

Hilo—Henry Deacon and Kaimi.
Hamakua—W. A. Kinney.

Kohala—J. Maguire.

Kau—J. Kanihane.

North Kona—G. P. Kananoha.

South Kona—J. D. Paris.

ISLAND OF MAUI.

Waikuku—O. Nawahine and W. H. Daniels.

Makawao—E. Helekunihi.

Lahaina—F. Horner.

Hana—J. U. Kawainui.

ISLAND OF KAUAI.

Hanalei—A. S. Wilcox.

Lihue, Koloa and Eleale—W. H. Rice.

Waimea and Niihau—F. Gay.

ISLANDS OF MOLOKAI AND LANAI.

J. W. Nakaleka and A. P. Paelele.

REMARKS.

All the members of both houses, with perhaps the exception of the Representatives for North Kona (Kananoha) and one or both for Molokai and Lanai, were elected, Sept. 12th, on the platform of the Reform party, supporting the new Constitution and Ministry, and the principles of honest and economical government and internal improvement.

Hawaiian Gazette.

NEW PAGES IN REBYS.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1887.

THAT among all sorts of people who go to make up a world are to be found those who grow at everything they see, or hear, or read, is evidenced by the little piping duet of dissent that has greeted our innocently expressed hope for a "boom." One of the inglorious songsters has stirred his notes with a false infection put on our remarks, and altogether manifested a dog-in-the-manger spirit by snarling at the bare idea of having better times for the country under the new order of things. Such people are more to be pitied than ridiculed. They are really not worth attempting to put right for any permanent usefulness to the state that is in them, because their moral thoraxes are so deformed that they will be croakers to the end. What a shocking thing it is, truly, to propose in this staid community of humdrum business habits, that a commercial and industrial boom would be welcome about this time! It would be a terrible thing to allow the natural results of the two distinct booms of an acceptable and settled Government and a rising

sugar market to combine in a business situation that might, in the popular theory of the day, be characterized as a "boom!" Yes, it would be a shocking eventuality for the parcel of detractors and slanderers who have no forgiveness for those who were instrumental in upsetting the villainous political system that so long gave the country over to the depredations of a horde of adventurers and horse leeches. Let us have a boom if we can, and if not the nearest approach that may be made to it. One of the means of gaining better times is to remorselessly sit down on the croaking fraternity.

The following, from a recent issue of the Washington *Republican*, is a generous view of Hawaiian new institutions, not warped by the jealous misrepresentations from here which have had a wide circulation in the American press: "The Hawaiian question seems to be settled for the time being with a very fair prospect of remaining settled upon the basis of good government. The constitution places the power in the hands of an assembly elected by the people, composed of two bodies, after the American model, the nobles and representatives and a responsible ministry. King Kalakaua being simply a figure head that soon will disappear. The latest advances state that nearly all the candidates for the assembly are of American birth or parentage, so that the new government will be in the hands of men who understand the system and know its value. The new government will hardly be an experiment under the auspices, but an assured success."

It is hardly possible that anybody will deny the fact of there having been a building boom in Honolulu, which still continues unabated from its beginning before the great fire. This is one of the best gauges that can be had of general confidence in the future of the country, no matter how clouded may be the horizon in both business and political matters. When a country with such natural resources gets the start that this Kingdom has got, there is no reason for apprehending anything like a general collapse. Those who hold the leading interests in Hawaii cannot afford to give up the struggle with adverse circumstances, any more than they would allow political adventurers to destroy the country. When the whaling business vanished, sugar came into the void. There will no doubt be something else to take the place of our sugary prosperity if it slips out. At all events, there is nothing wrong, but the contrary, in hoping for the best in any eventuality. "Heart within and hope ahead" is a good motto for a nation as for a man.

The following tables showing the average number of votes received by the respective tickets for Nobles and Representatives, also the percentage of the whole vote received by each side, will be interesting to students of political statistics, and valuable for future reference:

REPRESENTATIVES.				NOBLES.			
	Reform Candidates	Average 1877	Percentage of Total Vote		Reform Candidates	Average 1877	Percentage of Whole Vote
Oahu	1461	10.1	10.8	Opposition	832	33	33
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	Reform Majority	716	69.2	Reform Majority	834	33	33
Kauai & Niihau	Reform Candidates	390	59.2	"	"	"	"
"	Opposition	180	26.8	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	Reform Majority	210	32.4	Opposition	39	5	5
Molokai & Lanai	Reform Candidates	317	59.1	"	"	"	"
"	Opposition	219	40.9	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	Reform Majority	96	16.2	Reform Majority	27	5	5
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Koolooloa	Reform Candidates	240	69.9	Whole Island	1323	33	33
"	Opposition	89	25.6	"	"	"	"
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
"	Reform Majority	151	44.3	Opposition	372	9	9
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"